

Transliteration–Telugu

**Transliteration as per Modified Harvard-Kyoto (HK) Convention
(including Telugu letters – Short e, Short o) -**

a A i I u U
R RR IR IRR
e E ai o O au M (H or :)

(e – short | E – Long | o – short | O – Long)

k	kh	g	gh	n/G		
c	ch	j	jh	n/J		(jn – as in jnAna)
T	Th	D	Dh	N		
t	th	d	dh	n		
p	ph	b	bh	m		
y	r	l	L	v		
S	sh	s	h			

para lOka bhayamu-mandAri

In the kRti ‘para lOka bhayamu’ – rAga mandari (tALA Adi), Sri tyAgarAja pities those who consider enjoyments and possessions as the end and do not have any worry about the life-after.

P para lOka ¹bhayamu lEka
bhava pASa baddhul(ai)yEru

A kari vAji ²SRngAr(A)rAma
Sibik(A)dul(e)lla ³manakE kaligen(a)ni (para)

C konna kAntalanu kanna biDDalanu
vanne cIralanu vAna guDiselanu
tinnagA kani daiva lOkam(a)ni
tannukoLLalO tyAgarAja nuta (para)

Gist
O Lord praised by this tyAgarAja!

Without fear of the future World, people became bound in the noose of Worldly Existence.

Believing that all possessions, like elephants, horses, charming gardens, palanquins etc., are existing for one's sake only,

without fear of the future World, people became bound in the noose of Worldly Existence.

Believing their wives, progeny, colourful garments and cottages to be of substance (or veritable),
treating such an existence as heavenly abode, and because of consequent struggles (to perpetuate them), without fear of the future World, people became bound in the noose of Worldly Existence.

Word-by-word Meaning

P Without (lEka) fear (bhayamu) of the future (para) World (lOka), people became (aiyEru) bound (baddhulu) (baddhulaiyEru) in the noose (pASa) of Worldly Existence (bhava).

A Believing that (ani) all possessions (ella) like elephants (kari), horses (vAji), charming (SRngAra) gardens (ArAma) (SRngArArAma), palanquins (Sibika) etc (Adulu) (SibikAdulella) are existing (kaligenu) (kaligenani) for one's sake only (manakE) (literally for us),

without fear of the future World, people became bound in the noose of Worldly Existence.

C Believing (kani) (literally see) –
their wives (konna kAntalanu) (literally women gotten in marriage),
progeny (kanna biDDalanu) (literally begotten children),
colourful (vanne) garments (cIralanu) (literally saris) and cottages (vAna guDiselanu) (literally rain shelters) to be of substance (or veritable) (tinnagA),
treating such an existence as (ani) heavenly abode (daiva lOkamu) (lOkamani), and
because of consequent struggles (to perpetuate them) (tannukoLLalO),
O Lord praised (nuta) by this tyAgarAja! without fear of the future World, people became bound in the noose of Worldly Existence.

Notes –

Variations -

rAga – mandAri - nAmanArAyaNi.

¹ – bhayamu lEka – bhayamu lEkanE.

² – SRngArArAma – SRngAra rAma : 'SRngArArAma' (SRngAra-ArAma) means 'beautiful gardens'; 'SRngAra rAma' means 'beautiful women'. In the present context, 'SRngArArAma' seems to be more appropriate.

References –

Comments -

³ – manakE kaligenu – Existing for one's sake. In this regard, the dialogue between sage yAjnavalkya and his wife maitrEyi (bRhadAraNyaka upanishad, II.iv.) is relevant –

"It is not for the sake of all, my dear, all is loved, but for one's own sake that is loved. The self, my dear maitrEyi, should be realised – should be heard of, reflected on and meditated upon..." (Translation by Swami Madhavananda)

For complete upanishad, please refer to -

http://www.swami-krishnananda.org/brdup/Brihadaranyaka_Upanishad.pdf

Devanagari

प. पर लोक भयमु लेक

भव पाश बद्धु(लै)येरु

अ. करि वाजि शृंगा(रा)राम

शिवि(का)दु(ले)ल मनके कलिगो(न)नि (प)

చ. కోన్ర కాన్తలను కం బిట్లను
 వన్నె చీరలను వాన గుడిసెలను
 తిన్నగా కని దైవ లోక(మ)ని
 తన్నుకోంఠలో త్యాగరాజ నుత (ప)

English with Special Characters

- pa. para lōka bhayamu lēka
 bhava pāśa baddhu(lai)yēru
- a. kari vāji śrṅgā(rā)rāma
 śibi(kā)du(le)lla manakē kalige(na)ni (pa)
- ca. konna kāntalanu kanna biḍḍalanu
 vanne cīralanu vāna guḍiselanu
 tinnagā kani daiva lōka(ma)ni
 tannukollalō tyāgarāja nuta (pa)

Telugu

- ప. పర లోక భయము లేక
 భవ పొశ బధు(లై)యేరు
- అ. కరి వాజి శృంగా(రా)రామ
 శిబి(కా)దు(లై)ల్ల మనకే కలిగె(న)ని (ప)
- చ. కొన్న కాష్టలను కన్న బిష్టలను
 వన్నె చీరలను వాన గుడిసెలను
 తిన్నుగా కని దైవ లోక(మ)ని
 తన్నుకొళ్ళలో త్యాగరాజ నుత (ప)

Tamil

- ப. పர లோக ப⁴யமு லேக
 ப⁴வ பாஸ் ப³த்³து⁴(லை)யேரு
- அ. கரி வாஜி ஸ்ருங்கா³(ரா)ராம
 ஸிபிழ்(கா)து³(லை)ல்ல மனகே கலிகெ³(ன)னி (ப)
- ச. கொள்ள காந்தலனு கண்ண பிழ்ட்³டலனு
 வன்னெ சீரலனு வான கு³டி³ஸெலனு
 தின்னகா³ கனி தை³வ லோக(ம)னி
 தன்னுகொள்ளலோ த்யாக³ராஜ் நுத (ப)

മരുമൈയിൻ അച്ചമിൻറി,
 ഉലക വാഴ്ക്കൈകൾ സുരക്കുക കയിന്റ്രിനില് കട്ടുന്നതൻ
 കരി, പരി, ശിങ്കാര വനങ്കൾ,
 ചിവികെ, ആക്കിയവെ ധാവുമ തമക്കേയുന്നടാനവെയെൻ്റു,
 മരുമൈയിൻ അച്ചമിൻറി,
 ഉലക വാഴ്ക്കൈകൾ സുരക്കു കയിന്റ്രിനില് കട്ടുന്നതൻ

 കൊന്നട മണണവിധരയുമ്, എൻ്റ മക്കണായുമ്,
 വൻഞാസ് ചേലൈക്കണായുമ്, മമൈക കുടില്ക്കണായുമ്
 തിന്നാമെനക് കണ്ടു, (ഇതണ്ണേ) വാനുലക മെൻഡ്രെൻണി,
 ഇമുപരിക്കണിലേ, തിയാകരാചനാല് പോർഹപ് പെർഹോനേ!
 മരുമൈയിൻ അച്ചമിൻറി,
 ഉലക വാഴ്ക്കൈകൾ സുരക്കുക കയിന്റ്രിനില് കട്ടുന്നതൻ

മരുമൈ - ഉടല് വീഴ്ന്തപിൻ ഏപ്പട്ടുമ നിലൈകൾ.
 ചിവികെ - പല്ലക്കു
 വാനുലക മെൻറു - ഇവബുലക ഇൻപാങ്കണിണി.
 തിന്നാമെന - ചാരമെന എൻറുമ പൊരുൺ കൊൺളാമ.
 ഇമുപരികൾ - ഉടൈമെകൾ എൻറുമ നീഡിപ്പതർക്കു.

Kannada

പ. പര ലോക ഭയമു ലോക
 ഭവ പാഴ ബദ്ധ(ലൈ)യീരു
 അ. കെ വാജി ശ്രീംഗാ(രാ)രാമ
 ശിഭി(കാ)ദു(ലൈ)ലു മുനകേ കലിഗീ(നേ)നി (പ്)
 ജ. കൊന്നു കാന്തലൻ ക്ഷേത്രലൻ
 വന്നേ ചീരലൻ വാന ഗുദിസീലൻ
 തിന്നുഗാ കെനി ദ്വേവ ലോക(മു)നി
 തന്നുകൊള്ളുലോ താഗ്രാജ നുതേ (പ്)

Malayalam

പ. പര ലോക ഭയമു ലേക
 ഭവ പാശ ബഖു(ലൈ)യേരു
 അ. കരി വാജി ശ്രീംഗാ(രാ)രാമ
 ശിഭി(കാ)ദു(ലൈ)ലു മനകേ കലിഗീ(നേ)നി (പ്)
 ച. കൊന്ന കാന്തലനു കന ബിഡ്യുലനു
 വനേ ചീരലനു വാന ഗുദിസീലനു
 തിന്നുഗാ കെനി ദ്വേവ ലോക(മു)നി
 തന്നുകൊള്ളുലോ താഗ്രാജ നുതേ (പ്)

Assamese

- প. পৰ লোক ভয়মু লেক
 ভৰ পাশ বদ্ধু(লৈ)য়েৰ
 অ. কৰি রাজি শংগা(ৰা)ৰাম
 শিবি(কা)দু(লে)ল্ল মনকে কলিগে(ন)নি (প)
 চ. কোম কান্তলনু কম বিজ্ঞলনু
 বমে চীৱলনু রান গুডিসেলনু
 তিন্নগা কনি দৈৱ লোক(ম)নি
 তমুকোল্ললো আগৰাজ নুত (প)

Bengali

- প. পৰ লোক ভয়মু লেক
 ভৰ পাশ বদ্ধু(লৈ)য়েৰ
 অ. কৰি বাজি শংগা(ৰা)ৰাম
 শিবি(কা)দু(লে)ল্ল মনকে কলিগে(ন)নি (প)
 চ. কোম কান্তলনু কম বিজ্ঞলনু
 বমে চীৱলনু বান গুডিসেলনু
 তিন্নগা কনি দৈব লোক(ম)নি
 তমুকোল্ললো আগৰাজ নুত (প)

Gujarati

- પ. પર લોક ભયમુ લેક
 ભવ પાથ બજ્જુ(લૈ)યેલ
 અ. કરિ વાજિ શૃંગા(રા)રામ
 શિબિ(કા)દુ(લે)લ્લ મનકે કલિગો(ન)નિ (પ)
 ચ. કોણ કાન્તલનુ કમ બિજ્ઞલનુ
 વમે ચીરલનુ વાન ગુડિસેલનુ
 તિન્નગા કનિ દૈવ લોક(મ)નિ
 તમુકોલ્લલો આગરાજ નુત (પ)

Oriya

- ପ· ପର ଲୋକ ଉଦୟମୁ ଲେକ
ଉଷ୍ଣ ପାଶ ବନ୍ଧୁ(ଲେ)ଯେଇ
- ଆ· କରି ଖାଦି ଶୃଂଗା(ରା)ରାମ
ଶିବି(କା)ଦୂ(ଲେ)ଲୁ ମନକେ କଳିଗେ(ନେ)ନି (ପ)
- ଚ· କୋନ୍ତୁ କାନ୍ତିଲନ୍ତୁ କନ୍ତୁ ବିଜିଲନ୍ତୁ
ଓନ୍ତେ ଚୀରଲନ୍ତୁ ଓନ ଗୁଡ଼ିଯେଲନ୍ତୁ
ତିନ୍ତୁଗା କନି ଦୌଷ ଲୋକ(ମା)ନି
ତନ୍ତୁକୋଳ୍ଲଲୋ ତ୍ୟାଗରାଜ ନୁହ (ପ)

Punjabi

- ਪ. ପର ଲୋକ ଭଜମୁ ଲେକ
ਭਵ ਪਾਸ ਬਦਿਆ(ਲੈ)ਯੇਰੁ
- ଆ. କਰਿ ਵਾਜਿ ਸਿੰਘਾ(ਰਾ)ਰਾਮ
ਸਿੱਖਿ(ਕਾ)ਦੁ(ਲੈ)ਲਲ ମਨਕੇ ਕਲਿਗੇ(ਨ)ਨਿ (ପ)
- ਚ. ਕੱਨ ਕਾਨਤਲਨੁ ਕੱਨ ਬਿੱਡਲਨੁ
ਵੱਨੇ ਚੀਰਲਨੁ ਵਾਨ ਗੁਡਿਸੇਲਨੁ
ਤਿੱਨਰਾ ਕਨਿ ਦੈਵ ਲୋਕ(ਹ)ਨਿ
ਤੱਨੁਕੱਲਲੋ ਤਜਾਗਰਾਜ ਨੁਹ (ପ)