Transliteration-Telugu

Transliteration as per Modified Harvard-Kyoto (HK) Convention (including Telugu letters – Short e, Short o) -

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a A i I u U
R RR IR IRR
e E ai o O au M (H or :)

(e - short | E - Long | o - short | O - Long)

k kh g gh n/G
c ch j jh n/J (jn - as in jnAna)
T Th D Dh N
t th d dh n
p ph b bh m
y r l L v
S sh s h
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smaraNE sukhamu-janaranjani

In the kRti 'smaraNE sukhamu' – rAga janaranjani (tALa dESAdi), SrI tyAgarAja states that it is joyous to remember the name of SrI rAma.

- P ¹smaraNE sukhamu rAma nAma naruDai puTTin(a)nduku nAma (smaraNE)
- A vara ²rAja yOga nishThulau vArik(A)nandam(a)ndeT(a)TTu (smaraNE)
- C rAma ³nAma SravaNamu valla nAma rUpamE hRdayamu niNDi ⁴prEma puTTa sEyaga lEdA ⁵nishkAma tyAgarAju sEyu nAma (smaraNE)

Gist

For taking birth as a human being, only mental recitation of name of Lord SrI rAma is comforting.

In the same manner as the joy experienced by those great men who are firmly established in the rAja yOga, for taking birth as a human being, only mental recitation of the name of Lord SrI rAma is comforting.

Isn't it that because of listening to the name of SrI rAma, the very form of the name, filling the heart (of the listeners), enabled sprouting of pure love (in them) towards the Lord?

Therefore, for taking birth as a human being, only desire-less mental recitation of the name of Lord SrI rAma, as performed by this tyAgarAja, is comforting.

(OR)

Therefore, for taking birth as a human being, only mental recitation of the name of Lord SrI rAma, as performed by this desire-less tyAgarAja, is comforting. P Only mental recitation (smaraNE) of name (nAma) of Lord SrI rAma is comforting (sukhamu);

for (anduku) taking birth (puTTina) (puTTinanduku) as a human being (naruDai), only mental recitation of name (nAma) of Lord SrI rAma is comforting.

A In the same manner (aTTu) as the joy (Anandamu) experienced (andeTu) (literally attained) by those (vAriki) (literally to those) (vArikAnandamandeTaTTu) great men (vara) who are firmly established (nishThulau) in the rAja yOga,

for taking birth as a human being, only mental recitation of the name of Lord SrI rAma is comforting.

C Isn't it (lEdA) that because of (valla) listening (SravaNamu) to the name (nAma) of SrI rAma, the very form (rUpamE) of the name (nAma), filling (niNDi) the heart (hRdayamu) (of the listeners), enabled sprouting (puTTa sEyaga) of pure love (prEma) (in them) towards the Lord?

Therefore, for taking birth as a human being, only desire-less (nishkAma) mental recitation of the name (nAma) of Lord SrI rAma, as performed (sEyu) by this tyAgarAja, is comforting.

(OR)

Therefore, for taking birth as a human being, only mental recitation of the name (nAma) of Lord SrI rAma, as performed (sEyu) by this desire-less (nishkAma) tyAgarAja (tyAgarAju), is comforting.

Notes -

Variations -

¹ – smaraNE sukhamu rAma nAma – smaraNE sukhamu O rAma nAma.

References -

² - rAja yOga — bhagavad gIta Chapter 9 deals with the subject. rAja yOga is briefly explained in the following words in the book 'Patanjali Yoga Sutras' (notes to II.45) (by Swami Prabhavananda) —

"Raja Yoga is often called the yoga of meditation. It is, not so easy to define as the other yogas (Bhakti, Karma and Jnana yogas), since, in a sense it combines all of them. For meditation may include God-dedicated action (i.e, ritual worship), discrimination and concentration upon a chosen aspect of God. Raja Yoga is also concerned with the study of the body as a vehicle of spiritual energy. It describes, for example, the nature and function of the various psychic centres, such as the 'lotus of the heart'. Since Raja Yoga stresses the value of formal, scientific meditation, it is primarily for those who desire to lead monastic or at least predominantly contemplative lives. But it should certainly be studied by every spiritually minded person. It teaches us the importance of technique in prayer."

- 4 prEma Please visit website for Ramakrishna Paramahamsa's explanation of 'prEma bhakti' http://www.kathamrita.org/kathamrita2/k2sec05.htm
- $^{5}-{\rm nishkAma}-{\rm the}$ following verse from SrImad bhagavad-gItA, Chapter 7 is relevant -

caturvidhA bhajantE mAM janAH sukRtinO(a)rjuna | ArtO jijnAsur-arthArthI jnAnI ca bharatarshabha || tEshAM jnANi nitya-yukta Eka-bhaktir-viSishyatE | priyO hi jnAninO(a)tyartham-ahaM sa ca mama priyaH || 16,17 ||

"Four kinds of virtuous men worship Me, O arjuna – the distressed, the seeker of knowledge, the seeker of enjoyment, and the wise, O bull among the bhAratas.

Of them, the wise man, ever-steadfast, (and fixed) with devotion to the One, excels; for supremely dear am I to the wise, and he is dear to Me."

(Seeker of enjoyment: One who wishes for objects of enjoyment, both here and hereafter.

The Wise: One who has forsaken all desires, knowing them to arise from mAyA.) (Translation and Notes – Swami Swarupananda)

Comments -

- 3 nAma SravaNamu valla SrImad bhAgavataM is full of examples of this statement. However, here this may specifically mean Sabari, AnjanEya, svayamprabha and vibhIshaNa.
- ⁵ nishkAma this can either be attached to 'nAma' as 'nishkAma nAma smaraNa' or to 'tyAgarAju' as 'nishkAma tyAgarAju'. Both forms are given.

Devanagari

- प. स्मरणे सुखमु राम नाम नरुडै पुट्टि(न)न्दुकु नाम (स्म)
- अ. वर राज योग निष्ठुलौ वारि(का)नन्द(म)न्दे(ट)ट्ट (स्म)
- च. राम नाम श्रवणमु वल्ल नाम रूपमे हृदयमु निण्डि प्रेम पुट्ट सेयग लेदा निष्काम त्यागराज् सेयु नाम (स्म)

English with Special Characters

- pa. smaraṇē sukhamu rāma nāma narudai putti(na)nduku nāma (sma)
- a. vara rāja yōga niṣṭhulau vāri(kā)nanda(ma)nde(ṭa)ṭṭu (sma)
- ca. rāma nāma śravaṇamu valla
 nāma rūpamē hṛdayamu niṇḍi
 prēma puṭṭa sēyaga lēdā
 niskāma tyāgarāju sēyu nāma (sma)

Telugu

- ప. స్మరణే సుఖము రామ నామ నరుడై పుట్టి(న)న్దుకు నామ (స్మ)
- అ. వర రాజ యోగ నిష్ఠులౌ వారి(కా)నన్ద(మ)న్దె(ట)ట్టు (స్మ)
- చ. రామ నామ శ్రవణము వల్ల నామ రూపమే హృదయము నిణ్డి [పేమ పుట్ట సేయగ లేదా నిష్కామ త్యాగరాజు సేయు నామ (స్మ)

Tamil

- ப. ஸ்மரணே ஸுக 2 மு ராம நாம நருடை 3 புட்டி(ன)ந்து 3 கு நாம (ஸ்ம)
- அ. வர ராஜ யோக 3 நிஷ்டு 2 லௌ வாரி(கா)னந்த(ம)ந்தெ 3 (ட)ட்டு (ஸ்ம)
- ச. ராம நாம **ஸ்**ரவணமு வல்ல நாம ரூபமே ஹ்**ரு**த³யமு நிண்டி³ ப்ரேம புட்ட ஸேயக³ லேதா³ நிஷ்காம த்யாக³ராஜு ஸேயு நாம (ஸ்ம)

உள்ளுருவேற்றலே சுகமாகும், இராம நாமத்தினை; மனிதனாகப் பிறந்ததற்கு நாமத்தினை (உள்ளுரு)

உயர் இராச யோகத்தினில் நிலைத்திருப்போராகிய அவர்களுக்கு, ஆனந்தம் நண்ணுதல் போன்று உள்ளுருவேற்றலே சுகமாகும், இராம நாமத்தினை

இராம நாமத்தினைச் செவி மடுத்ததனால், நாமத்தின் உருவமே இதயத்தினில் நிறைந்து, (இறைவனிடம்) காதல் பிறக்கச் செய்யவில்லையா? தியாகராசன் இயற்றும், இச்சைகளற்ற உள்ளுருவேற்றலே சுகமாகும், இராம நாமத்தினை

உள்ளுருவேற்றல் - 'ஸ்மரணை' எனப்படும் இறைவனின் நாமத்தினில் உள்ளத்தில் உருவேற்றல்.

இராச யோகம் - கீதையில் கண்ணன் உபதேசித்த நெறிகளிலொன்று

இச்சைகளற்ற – 'இச்சைகளற்ற தியாகராசன் இயற்றும்' என்றும் கொள்ளலாம்.

இச்சைகளற்ற - ஏதும் பயன்களை எதிர்பாராது

Kannada

ಪ. ಸ್ಮರಣೇ ಸುಖಮು ರಾಮ ನಾಮ

ನರುಡೈ ಪುಟ್ಟಿ(ನ)ನ್ದುಕು ನಾಮ (ಸ್ಮ)

ಅ. ವರ ರಾಜ ಯೋಗ ನಿಷ್ಠುಲೌ ವಾರಿ(ಕಾ)ನನ್ನ(ಮ)ನ್ನೆ(ಟ)ಟ್ಟು (ಸ್ಮ)

ಚ. ರಾಮ ನಾಮ ಶ್ರವಣಮು ವಲ್ಲ ನಾಮ ರೂಪಮೇ ಹೃದಯಮು ನಿಣ್ಡಿ ಪ್ರೇಮ ಪುಟ್ಟ ಸೇಯಗ ಲೇದಾ ನಿಷ್ಕಾಮ ತ್ಯಾಗರಾಜು ಸೇಯು ನಾಮ (ಸ್ಮ)

Malayalam

പ. സ്മരണേ സുഖമു രാമ നാമ നരുഡൈ പുട്ടി(ന)ന്ദുകു നാമ (സ്മ) അ. വര രാജ യോഗ നിഷ്ഠുലൗ വാരി(കാ)നന്ദ(മ)ന്ദെ(ട)ട്ടു (സ്മ) ച. രാമ നാമ ശ്രവണമു വല്ല നാമ രൂപമേ ഹൃദയമു നിണ്ഡി പ്രേമ പുട്ട സേയഗ ലേദാ നിഷ്കാമ ത്യാഗരാജു സേയു നാമ (സ്മ)

Assamese

প. স্মৰণে সুখমু ৰাম নাম নৰুডৈ পুট্টি(ন)ন্দুকু নাম (স্ম)

অ. ৱৰ ৰাজ য়োগ নিষ্ঠুলৌ ৱাৰি(কা)নন্দ(ম)ন্দে(ট)টু (স্ম)

চ. ৰাম নাম শ্ৰৱণমু ৱল্লনাম ৰূপমে হৃদয়মু নিণ্ডিপ্ৰেম পুট সেয়গ লেদানিষ্কাম অ্যাগৰাজু সেয়ু নাম (স্ম)

Bengali

প. স্মরণে সুখমু রাম নাম নরুডৈ পুট্টি(ন)ন্দুকু নাম (স্ম)

- অ. বর রাজ য়োগ নিষ্ঠুলৌ বারি(কা)নন্দ(ম)ন্দে(ট)টু (স্ম)
- চ. রাম নাম শ্রবণমু বল্লনাম রূপমে হৃদয়মু নিণ্ডিপ্রেম পুট সেয়গ লেদানিষ্কাম অ্য়াগরাজু সেয়ু নাম (য়য়)

Gujarati

- પ. રમરણે સુખમુ રામ નામ નરુડે પુટ્ટિ(ન)ન્દુકુ નામ (સ્મ)
- અ. વર રાજ યોગ નિષ્ઠુલૌ વારિ(કા)નન્દ(મ)ન્દૅ(ટ)ટ્ટુ (સ્મ)
- ચ. રામ નામ શ્રવણમુ વલ્લ નામ રૂપમે હૃદયમુ નિષ્ટિડ પ્રેમ પુટ્ટ સેયગ લેદા નિષ્કામ ત્યાગરાજુ સેયુ નામ (સ્મ)

Oriya

- ପ∙ ସ୍କରଣେ ସୁଖମୁ ରାମ ନାମ ନରୁତୈ ପୁଟ୍ଟି(ନ)ନ୍ଦୁକୁ ନାମ (ସ୍କୁ)
- ଅ· ୱର ରାଜ ୟୋଗ ନିଷ୍ଟୁଲୌ ୱାରି(କା)ନନ୍ଦ(ମ)ନ୍ଦେ(ଟ)ଟୁ (ସ୍ମୁ)
- ଚ∙ ରାମ ନାମ ଶ୍ରୱଣମୁ ୱଲ୍ଲ ନାମ ରୂପମେ ହୃଦୟମୁ ନିଷ୍ଡି ପ୍ରେମ ପୁଟ୍ଟ ସେୟଗ ଲେଦା ନିଷ୍କାମ ତ୍ୟାଗରାଜୁ ସେୟୁ ନାମ (ସୁ)

Punjabi

ਪ. ਸਮਰਣੇ ਸੁਖਮੁ ਰਾਮ ਨਾਮ

ਨਰੁਡੈ ਪੁੱਟਿ(ਨ)ਨਦੁਕੁ ਨਾਮ (ਸਮ)

- ਅ. ਵਰ ਰਾਜ ਯੋਗ ਨਿਸ਼ਠੁਲੌ ਵਾਰਿ(ਕਾ)ਨਨਦ(ਮ)ਨਦੇ(ਟ)ਟਟੁ (ਸਮ)
- ਚ. ਰਾਮ ਨਾਮ ਸ਼੍ਵਣਮੁ ਵੱਲ ਨਾਮ ਰੂਪਮੇ ਹ੍ਰਿਦਯਮੁ ਨਿਣਿਡ ਪ੍ਰੇਮ ਪੁੱਟ ਸੇਯਗ ਲੇਦਾ ਨਿਸ਼ਕਾਮ ਤ੍ਯਾਗਰਾਜੁ ਸੇਯੁ ਨਾਮ (ਸਮ)